

# The QUODLIBET Project

## Facts, History, and Future

Claus-Peter Wirth

# What It Is

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- designed to support verification and synthesis of non-trivial algorithms
- tactic-based
- built-in linear arithmetic (Presburger)
- human-oriented

# Why is QUODLIBET Interesting?

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Aspects superior to other ITP systems:

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(*Descente Infinie* + Mutual Prompting + GUI)

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(Explicit Induction only, but no *Descente Infinie*):

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- PVS.

# QUODLIBET provides the Flexibility...

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... needed for searching for hard induction proofs:

- Generation of induction hypotheses:  
eager / lazy / mutual
- Choice of induction ordering: eager / lazy
- Open lemmas
- Alternative proof attempts in parallel:  
forest of and/or-trees

File Windows QML Miscellanea

QuodLibet Log

```
# [ y<--s(y),x<--s(x) ]
# ...
# minus-ind-lma
```

QL[31] call **simplify-goal minus-ind-lma**

Calling simplify-goal for [1^2] in minus-

Applying ==decomp to [1^2] in minus-ind-l results in no further subgoals

Call of simplify-goal succeeds

The current PS-tree is minus-ind-lma

The current G-node in minus-ind-lma is [1

Runtime: 0,0 sec.

Done

QL[32]

Window Inference Rules Tactics Commands

Root GNode | Last GNode | Current GNode | Open G

-Current Goal Node

```
G-node [1:2]
{ minus(0,s(y)) < 0,
  less(0,s(y)) = true,
  s(y) = 0 } ;
w_minus-ind-lma(0,s(y))
```

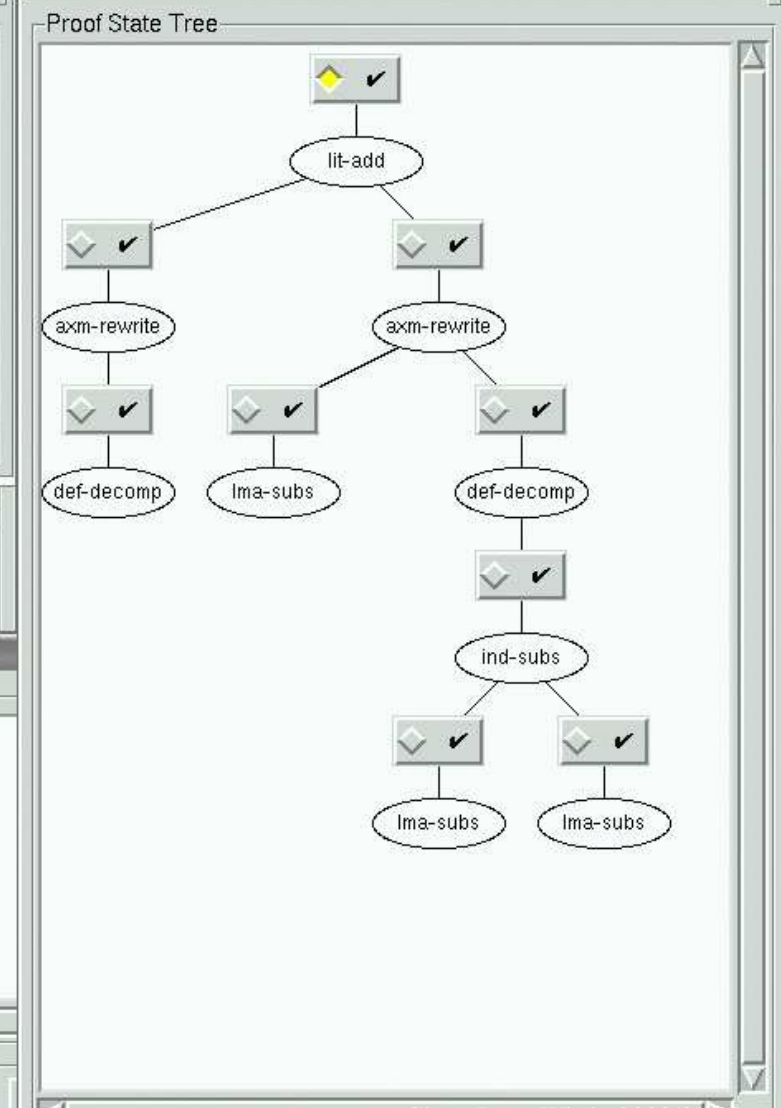
Proof State Tree

Window Inference Rules Tactics Commands

Root GNode | Last GNode | Current GNode | Next Open GNode

-Current Goal Node

```
G-node root "div-def"
{ def div(x,y),
  y = 0 } ;
x
++ solved ++
```



XQL: Proof State Trees

PS-Trees Windows View

Proof State Trees

```
++ less-def-auto
++ minus-def
+ div-def
minus-ind-lma
```

minus-ind-lma (not solved):

```
{ minus(x,y) < x,
  less(x,y) = true,
  y = 0 }
```

XQL: Defining Rules

Defining Rules

```
less-1
less-2
less-3
minus-1
minus-2
div-1
div-2
```

```
div(x,y) = s(div(minus(x,y),y))
if
y /= 0,
less(x,y) /= true,
def less(x,y)
```

Add Defining Rule | Delete Defining Rule

# Contributors

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- Initiators

Jürgen Avenhaus      Univ. Kaiserslautern

Klaus Madlener      Univ. Kaiserslautern

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## ■ User

Bernd Löchner      Zühlke Engin. GmbH

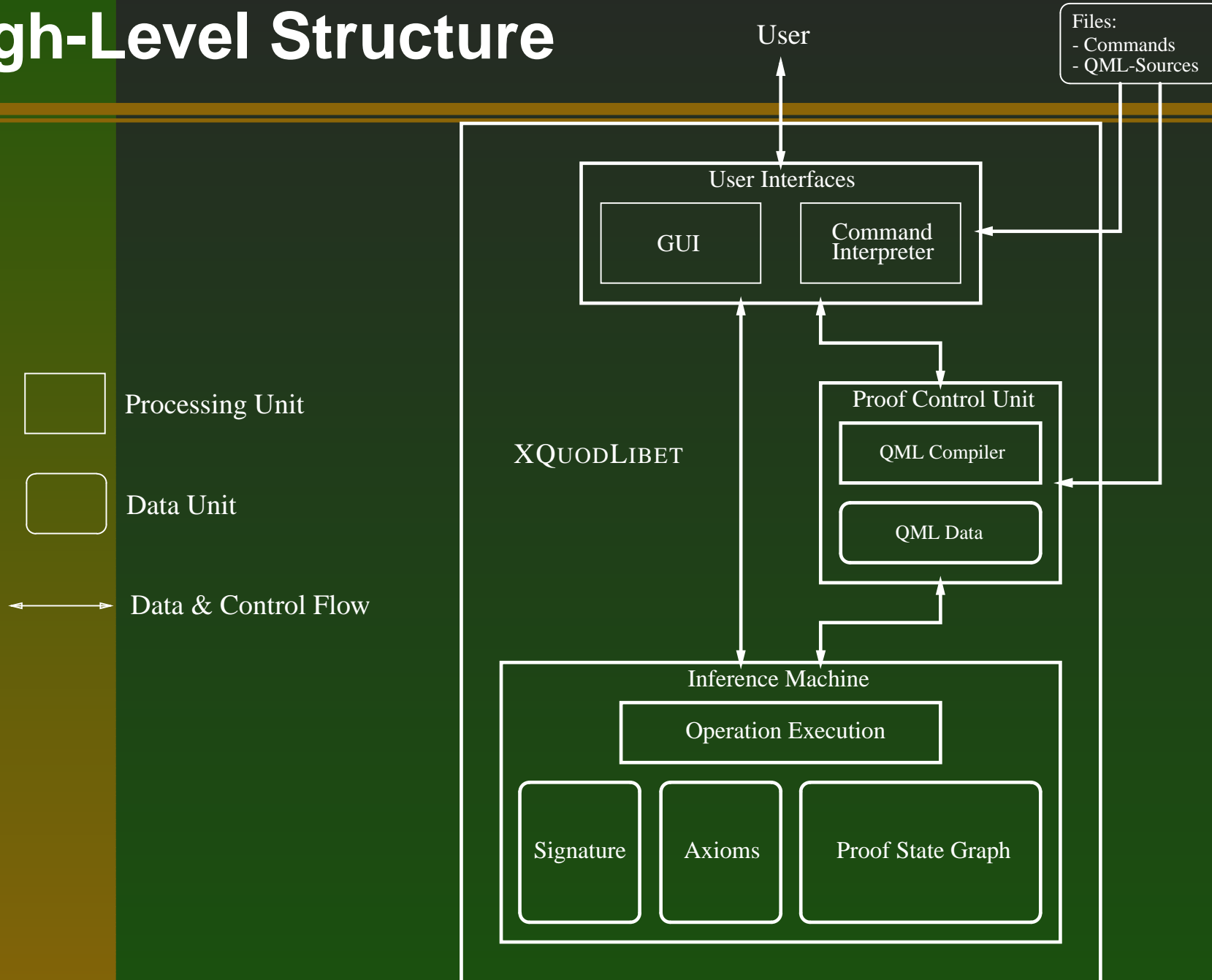


# History and Future Plans

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1990–1995	Requirements Analysis	Kühler, Wirth
1996	Specification	Kühler, Wirth
1996–2008	Overall Design and Coord.	Wirth
1997–2000	Implement. Vers. 1.1	Kühler, M.Sc.s
1998–2000	Termination Comp.	Kühler
1998–2000	Meta-language	Kühler
2003–2004	Implement. Vers. 1.2	Schmidt-Samoa, M.Sc.s
2004–2005	Markings + Presburger	Schmidt-Samoa
2005–2006	Proof Re-Use	Schmidt-Samoa
2005–2006	Implement. Vers. 1.3	Schmidt-Samoa, M.Sc.s
2005–2006	Case Study: LPO	Löchner, Schmidt-Samoa
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2008–2009	Co-Inductive Data Types	Wirth
2009	Implement. Vers. 2.0	Wirth
2009–2010	Rippling, Program Synth.	Wirth, Edinburgh staff

# High-Level Structure



# Code

Module	Language	Size in KB
{ Inference Machine + Command Interpreter }	COMMON LISP	60
SE/Visibility (MIL graphs)	COMMON LISP	532
QML Compiler	COMMON LISP	713
Heuristics	QUODLIBET ML	1839
GUI	TCL/TK	313

# Selected Publications on QUODLIBET

\* Claus-Peter Wirth (2008). *Shallow Confluence of Conditional Term Rewriting Systems*. Accepted by J. Symbolic Computation, 39 pp..

Tobias Schmidt-Samoa (2006). *Flexible Heuristic Control for Combining Automation and User-Interaction in Inductive Theorem Proving*. Ph.D. thesis, Univ. Kaiserslautern.

\* Tobias Schmidt-Samoa (2006). *Flexible Heuristics for Simplification with Conditional Lemmas by Marking Formulas as Forbidden, Mandatory, Obligatory, and Generous*. J. Applied Non-Classical Logics 16(1–2), pp. 209–239.

Tobias Schmidt-Samoa (2006). *An Even Closer Integration of Linear Arithmetic into Inductive Theorem Proving*. Electronic Notes in Theoretical Computer Sci. 151, pp. 3–20, Elsevier.

Serge Autexier, Christoph Benzmüller, Dominik Dietrich, Andreas Meier, Claus-Peter Wirth (2006). *A Generic Modular Data Structure for Proof Attempts Alternating on Ideas and Granularity*. 4<sup>th</sup> MKM 2005, LNAI 3863, pp. 126–142, Springer.

Claus-Peter Wirth (2005). *History and Future of Implicit and Inductionless Induction: Beware the old jade and the zombie!*. In: Dieter Hutter, Werner Stephan (eds.). *Mechanizing Mathematical Reasoning: Essays in Honor of Jörg Siekmann on the Occasion of His 60<sup>th</sup> Birthday*, LNAI 2605, pp. 192–203, Springer.

\* Claus-Peter Wirth (2004). *Descente Infinie + Deduction*. Logic J. of the IGPL 12, pp. 1–96, Oxford Univ. Press.

Jürgen Avenhaus, Ulrich Kühler, Tobias Schmidt-Samoa, Claus-Peter Wirth (2003). *How to Prove Inductive Theorems? QUODLIBET!*. 19<sup>th</sup> CADE 2003, LNAI 2741, pp. 328–333, Springer.

# Selected Publications on QUODLIBET (contd.)

- Ulrich Kühler (2000). *A Tactic-Based Inductive Theorem Prover for Data Types with Partial Operations*. Ph.D. thesis, Infix, Akademische Verlagsgesellschaft Aka GmbH, Sankt Augustin, Berlin.
- Claus-Peter Wirth (2000). *Full First-Order Sequent and Tableau Calculi With Preservation of Solutions and the Liberalized  $\delta$ -Rule but Without Skolemization*. In: Ricardo Caferra, Gernot Salzer (eds.). *Automated Deduction in Classical and Non-Classical Logics*, LNAI 1761, pp. 283–298, Springer.
- Claus-Peter Wirth (1999). *Full First-Order Free Variable Sequents and Tableaus in Implicit Induction*. 8<sup>th</sup> TABLEAUX 1999, LNAI 1617, pp. 293–307, Springer.
- Ulrich Kühler, Claus-Peter Wirth (1997). *Conditional Equational Specifications of Data Types with Partial Operations for Inductive Theorem Proving*. 8<sup>th</sup> RTA 1997, LNCS 1232, pp. 38–52, Springer.
- Claus-Peter Wirth (1997). *Positive/Negative-Conditional Equations: A Constructor-Based Framework for Specification and Inductive Theorem Proving*. Ph.D. thesis, 256 pp., Verlag Dr. Kovač, Hamburg.
- Claus-Peter Wirth, Bernhard Gramlich (1994). *On Notions of Inductive Validity for First-Order Equational Clauses*. 12<sup>th</sup> CADE 1994, LNAI 814, pp. 162–176, Springer.
- \* Claus-Peter Wirth, Bernhard Gramlich (1994). *A Constructor-Based Approach for Positive/Negative-Conditional Equational Specifications*. *J. Symbolic Computation* 17, pp. 51–90, Academic Press (Elsevier).